Food Export’s New Brand

As the world has been changing over the past year so have Food Export – Midwest and Food Export – Northeast – from moving activities to virtual, to developing new educational programs, and to redesigning our website and logos. We have given our brand a new look that is relevant and recognizable. Our logos have been refreshed but still retain the foundation of who we are and who we serve, U.S. Suppliers of the Midwest and Northeast.

Along with our new logos and website, we have also introduced the Food Export Program Guide (shown inside). The Program Guide provides an easy way for suppliers to identify the programs and services that are best for their company, whether new to exporting or experienced.

The Program Guide illustrates the three key ways that we continue to support exporters: Export Education, Market Entry and Market Promotion. As your company progresses in exporting, you may find programs from any of these areas useful. The cyclical design of the Program Guide reflects the iterative nature of building an export business. Our programs are ready to assist you at any stage or cycle in your export journey.

Our Export Education services help suppliers learn about exporting, increase their knowledge of basic exporting terms, and learn more about Food Export’s Market Entry activities. Key parts of this cycle include online learning with webinars, Export Essentials Online, and checking in with the Food Export Helpline™ program.

In the Market Entry phase, Food Export assists suppliers to identify and meet qualified buyers. With product exposure in US FoodLink and through utilizing the Trade Lead program, suppliers can have their products showcased to international buyers. Moving through the process, suppliers may consult with our knowledgeable staff through the Export Advisor program, Virtual Consultations, and the Lead Qualification service. This will help identify key markets for the specific products a U.S.

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In 2020 U.S. agricultural exports to Canada increased 1% from 2019 with a total of $20.9 billion exported, second only to China.

USDA’s Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) Office of Agricultural Affairs (OAA) in Ottawa, reports that unparalleled regulatory cooperation, trustworthiness in food safety systems, sophisticated transportation logistics, geographic proximity, similar consumer preferences, and relatively affluent consumers are among the reasons why Canada continues to offer excellent export opportunities for new-to-export small- and medium-sized U.S. companies.

Canada accounts for about 14.4% of total U.S. food and agricultural product exports of $145.6 billion. Canada remains the top market for U.S. exports of consumer-oriented products. U.S. exports of these products to Canada reached a total of $16.5 billion in 2020, also growth of 1%. This also accounted for 79% of total U.S. food and agricultural product exports to Canada. Canada is also the top market for U.S. processed food exports, totaling more than $13 billion in 2020, nearly the same as 2019.

Top U.S. processed food exports to Canada in 2020 included food preparations, snack foods, non-alcoholic beverages, chocolate and confectionery, dog and cat food, prepared/preserved meats, pasta and processed cereals and condiments and sauces.

The United States-Mexico-Canada agreement (USMCA) entered into force on July 1, 2020 and should reduce uncertainty over trade. Canada’s recent trade agreement with the European Union (EU), the Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement (CETA), is an attempt to reorient more of its trade away from the U.S., towards Europe. It eliminated 99% of tariffs on both sides and has boosted bilateral trade by about 20%.

Retail Sector Highlights: Canada’s retail market is mature and consolidated with five major stores commanding 75% of the market share. Ontario, Quebec, and British Columbia represent 74% of Canada's retail market and are the provinces in which most of the convenience, drug, grocery, and mass merchandise stores are located.

Best Product Prospects: Over the next five years, packaged foods are expected to grow by 3.2%, while those products with natural, organic, and/or free from artificial ingredients are projected to grow by 7.5%. Higher growth items include cooking ingredients & meals; baked goods (flat breads); processed fruits & vegetables; pasta, rice...
& noodles; processed meat & seafood (meat substitutes); pet food.

**Food Service Sector Highlights:** The Canadian foodservice sector grew 3% to nearly $71 billion in 2019. COVID-19 mitigation measures – including the initial closure of non-essential businesses, restrictions on local and international travel, and reduced capacity, phased business re-openings – have dealt a heavy blow to the Canadian hotel, restaurant, and institutional (HRI) sector, with at least 10% of establishments projected to have closed permanently. The national restaurant industry association predicts losses ranging as high as 48% in 2020, with commercial foodservice sales down as much as $30 billion from 2019.

**Best Product Prospects:** Canadian consumers are increasingly wary about food and beverages they consume, particularly in terms of the quality of ingredients and the incorporation of unwanted, unnatural, or artificial agents. Moreover, as consumer awareness of the need for sustainably produced and packaged products increases, they are more inclined to seek organic options. These two trends are particularly relevant to a younger demographic with increasing spending power.

**Food Processing Sector Highlights:** While the Canadian food and beverage processing sector has faced increased operating costs and lost sales related to COVID-19, the $89 billion sector remains a steady source of demand for U.S. agricultural raw, semi-rav, and processed ingredients. Continued Government policy emphasis on Canadian value-added production and exports should sustain food and beverage processing growth and import demand over the near term.

**Best Prospects:** Best prospects for U.S. exporters include most of the materials used to create retail and foodservice products. Although no data exists on the total value of imported inputs / ingredients destined to the Canadian food processing sector, exports indicate that both semi-rav products, selected fresh fruits and vegetables, nuts, and other products and processing inputs not readily grown in Canada are in high demand and continue to be largely imported from the U.S.

*A special note of thanks to Dennis Lynch, Food Export Helpline™ Counselor who compiles this market information for Food Export – Midwest's and Food Export – Northeast’s annual funding application, the Unified Export Strategy submission.*

### Canada

#### Advantages
- Canadian consumers enjoy high disposable income, coupled with growing interests in premium, high-quality products, and global cuisine
- Canada’s ethnically diverse population provides opportunities for specialty products. Canadians are exposed to increasingly diverse flavors and cuisines
- Per-capita produce consumption is higher than in the U.S. Foodservice operators rely on imported fruits and vegetables year-round
- Duty-free, tariff-free treatment for over 98% of U.S. foods and agricultural products (entered into force July 1, 2020)
- U.S. food products are generally aligned with Canadian tastes and are familiar to Canadian consumers

#### Challenges
- Canada’s population is smaller than California and more dispersed, making marketing and distribution costs generally higher than in the U.S.
- Bilingual (English and French) labeling required for retail products
- Retailers are continually looking to reduce prices, improve product quality, and extend their product range with new items
- Tariff rate quotas apply for supply-managed commodities, dairy, poultry, and eggs
- Different chemical approvals/tolerances, as well as food standards, may require special production runs

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**STATE AGRICULTURAL PROMOTION AGENCY CONTACTS**

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### FOOD EXPORT ASSOCIATION OF THE MIDWEST USA® AND FOOD EXPORT USA® – NORTHEAST

We are non-profit organizations comprised of state agricultural promotion agencies that use federal, state, and industry resources to promote the export of Midwestern and Northeastern food and agricultural products.

Food Export–Midwest and Food Export–Northeast administer many services through Market Access Program (MAP) funding from the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) of the USDA.

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*FOOD EXPORT ASSOCIATION OF THE MIDWEST USA® – NORTHEAST*
THINK THAT IT IS EASY OR TOO HARD
It all depends on your attitude, organizational structure, expectations as well as type of products and markets. Complications like stringent regulations for animal products, temperature management and excess paperwork and procedures may make exporting difficult, but not impossible.

WINDOW OF OPPORTUNITY TOO SHORT – EXPECTATIONS TOO HIGH
Globally, the decision-making process moves at a slower pace, and in many areas, it is subject to a lot more discipline and research than the U.S. Business relationships based on person-to-person contact can help companies resolve problems more easily. U.S. companies that feel disappointed after not securing an immediate export sale should consider how they might improve their chances for success, looking at relationships differently and becoming a better exporter rather than giving up too soon.

TOO MUCH EMPHASIS ON “SELLING”
Around the world, building mutually cooperative and beneficial relationships is valued far more than “selling.” If you can reduce the usual theatrics and tactics that go with selling, you can succeed better in international business. Above all, diplomacy reigns.

MISINFORMATION & THE RUMOR MILL
Verify all matters of interest and talk to those who actually know.

CONFUSED BY TRAINING FROM OTHER THAN AGRICULTURE
U.S. food suppliers should obtain their education and training within their industry to account for different regulations, methods of shipment, incoterms, and payment terms; and more. Education and training needs to be focused on the food business.

INABILITY TO TARGET MARKETS/SEGMENTS
Focus on target markets/segments of people and places and events and not geography, unless there is a very specific reason one country (not a continent) might be the best place for your products.

TRAVEL INCENTIVE MYOPIA
Investigate where the best opportunities are for your products, not the best places to vacation.

DIFFICULTY APPRECIATING CULTURAL NUANCES
Study the business culture of targeted markets and be prepared to “go with the flow” when needed. The buyers will respect you for it. Be comfortable even when you do not exactly know what is going on, why a prospective business partner said or wrote something or made a gesture you do not understand.

CANNOT GRASP EXPORT PRICE ESCALATION
International customers have more expenses than their domestic equivalents, adding pressure on the cost of their imports. Buyers are well aware of their transport costs, duties, taxes, and customs brokerage fees and often will share what the price needs to be in order to succeed.

FAILURE TO DELEGATE RESPONSIBILITY
Smaller businesses usually have a founder who is often involved in every decision and action, including export efforts. There are sometimes challenges when they realize how much time is required to succeed. If they could learn to delegate the non-decisive steps such as research and training, they would have better opportunities.

THE “EXPORT READINESS” CONCEPT
A balance between export marketing, promotion of products and competence in export operations, export readiness means you could be the best marketer of products for export but if you can’t speak the language of international trade and actually be good at exporting you will not be successful. If you think of yourself as an importer of food products, what would you expect of your suppliers? On time, intact, properly documented, and insured shipments that clear customs without problems.

Read about Export “Dos” and “Don’ts” inside.
Food Export “Dos” and “Don’ts”

Success depends on realistic expectations and ample time to develop skills, potentially repeating the steps over and over to learn.

Export “Dos”

> Remember that target markets are not wide geographical swaths but are actually types of people within a consumer industry – different end uses, and end users will be similar wherever they are located.

> Focus on building relationships that are mutually beneficial and cooperative.

> Consider diplomacy first when communicating and look for nuances and contexts of how some things are expressed. Appreciate the cultural differences and celebrate them.

> Make education part of an annual agenda in order to keep up with changes in international trade and within markets.

> Develop an appreciation for export price escalation and remember to construct a price that voids domestic overhead expenses that do not apply to international sales.

> Avoid the rumor mill and get your information on markets and procedures from within the industry.

> Subscribe to distribution lists from organizations that support food and agricultural exports at the federal, state, and local level. The Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) emails specific reports daily through the Global Agricultural Information Network (GAIN).

> Visit www.fas.usda.gov regularly to track FAS updates.

> You (or someone on staff) must be able to read reports and data, instructions, communications, and documents in order to export properly, period.

> Delegate responsibility to analytical staff where appropriate to help analyze and streamline information and to free up your time.

Export “Don’ts”

> Do not misuse Incoterms and make sure you weigh and measure all cargos in the metric system. Be both timely and accurate in effecting export quotations.

> Don’t use inappropriate, overly familiar correspondence. Be diplomatic and respectful, follow the buyer’s lead to a more informal relationship.

> Don’t use a “cookie cutter” approach to markets They are all quite different – even Canada and Mexico.

> Don’t assume “Free Trade” is really free. You still need to meet all labeling requirements and compliance steps. Free Trade Agreements lower and/or eliminate tariffs, either upon entry into force or on some reduction Schedule.

> Don’t discount the individual steps in the export process – all are of equal importance. Emphasizing one step makes overall success more difficult.

> Don’t wait to learn about exporting until after getting an order.
The 3 Tracks to Export Growth

Our three program categories enable new and established suppliers to pursue international market opportunities and fuel long-term growth.

**Exporter Education**
Enhance your export expertise with ongoing education programs for all experience levels.

**Market Entry**
Identify opportunities in international markets and meet potential buyers.

**Market Promotion**
Strengthen your international presence through the Branded Program.

**1 on 1 Assistance**
Food Export Helpline™

**Online Learning**
- Webinars
- Export Essentials Online

**Hands-on Training**
- Seminars

**Cost-share Funding**
Branded Program

**Exposure**
- Trade Leads
- U.S. Foodlink

**Consultation**
- Market Builder
- Export Advisor Program
- Virtual Consultations
- Lead Qualification Service

**Connections**
- Buyers Missions
- Focused Trade Missions
- Food Show PLUS™
- Virtual Connect

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Exporter Education

**Webinars**
Learn about the export process and the resources available to help expand your business

**Food Export Helpline™**
Personalized one-on-one assistance from a leading industry expert for exporters of all experience levels

**Export Essentials Online**
Comprehensive online learning modules on the exporting process

**Seminars**
Live seminars based on key export topics and regional subjects of interest

Market Entry

**Trade Leads**
Receive targeted trade leads from qualified buyers via our overseas network at no cost

**Market Builder**
Customized market research from our In-Market Representatives and importer feedback on your product

**Virtual Consultations**
Video chat with an In-Market Representative to get first-hand feedback from our industry experts

**Buyers Missions**
Meet with qualified buyers and promote your products without leaving the U.S.

**Food Show PLUS!™**
Maximize your trade show success with on-site assistance, market knowledge, and access to qualified buyers

**U.S. Foodlink**
Showcase your products and gain exposure with buyers in our internationally-distributed newsletter

**Export Advisor Program**
Year-long assistance from experienced advisors to help your company kick start or improve exporting efforts

**Lead Qualification Service**
Get help qualifying foreign buyer leads following an event or via online introduction

**Focused Trade Missions**
Travel and explore a market to experience the local food industry landscape and meet with prospective buyers

**Virtual Connect**
Connect virtually with qualified buyers and promote your products

**Branded Program**
Receive 50% cost reimbursement on an assortment of international marketing activities including advertising, demos, website development, international trade shows, and more

Find Export Success at Your Fingertips.

- **Midwest** 312.334.9200
- **Northeast** 215.829.9111
- **E-mail** info@foodexport.org
- **Visit** www.foodexport.org
The Liaison team at Food Export–Midwest and Food Export–Northeast is here to help!
Whether you are a new supplier who needs assistance becoming acquainted with our various Programs and Services or an active participant who has been attending events and utilizing our programs for years, your Liaisons will be your primary contact at Food Export. They are always available by phone and email to answer questions and to provide specialized guidance.

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Food Export’s New Brand  
(continued)
Supplier has for distribution. Now armed with key information and resources, a supplier starts to make connections utilizing Food Export’s Buyers Mission, Focused Trade Missions, Food Show PLUS!, and Virtual Connect programs.

**Market Promotion**
The Branded Program represents the Market Promotion part of the cycle. This cost-share funding program helps suppliers market their U.S.-made products in international markets. The program provides 50% cost reimbursement for a wide variety of international marketing activities, including new allowable activities based on the virtual dynamics needed to promote products in this reduced-travel environment.

Food Export continues to assist U.S. Suppliers at every level and at any point of their export journey. Suppliers can begin the cycle at any point and continue to use the Guide as needed to enhance their education, experience, and exports.

And remember, outside of the Program Guide we also have a team of staff to continue to support, assist, and answer all your questions.